Time: 3 hours

R19



SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR (AUTONOMOUS)

M.Tech I Year I Semester Regular Examinations January 2020 THEORY OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY

(Structural Engineering)

Max. Marks: 60

(Answer all Five Units $5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)

UNIT-I

a Explain the differential equation of slope in case of continuous beams with axial 1 **6M** loads. **b** Explain the critical load conditions for a bar on elastic foundation. **6M** OR 2 **a** Derive differential equation for beam column. **6M b** What are the approximate methods used in the stability analysis and discuss their **6M** merits. UNIT-II a With reference to equilibrium conditions explain the concept of stability of a 3 **6M** structure. **b** Explain Euler's theory of columns stability, write assumptions and limitations. **6M** OR 4 Derive expression for critical load in case of buckling of bars with intermediate 12**M** compressive forces. UNIT-III a Explain the Tangent Modulus and Reduced Modulus theories **6M** 5 **b** Show that the reduced modulus of rectangular cross section 6M OR a Compare the Rayleigh-Ritz and Galerkin's method for obtaining the critical load for **6M** 6 columns. **b** Discuss the effect of shear force on critical load of columns. **6M** UNIT-IV **a** Explain torsional buckling. **6M** 7 **b** Explain thin walled bars of open cross section by pure torsion. **6M** OR Derive the crippling load for a simply supported beam of narrow rectangular cross **12M** 8 section subjected to lateral buckling. UNIT-V 9 Derive the expression for critical moment for a simply supported rectangular beam **12M** subjected to pure bending. OR 10 Derive the critical value of the compressive force for buckling of simply supported 12M rectangular plates uniformly compressed using any direction method.

*** END ***